

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
MINISTRY OF STEEL  
  
**RAJYA SABHA**  
**UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 1591**  
**FOR ANSWER ON 12.12.2025**

**STATUS OF STEEL PROJECTS IN ODISHA**

1591. SHRI MANAS RANJAN MANGARAJ:

Will the Minister of STEEL be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of major steel plants, expansion projects and greenfield steel units currently under development or consideration in Odisha;
- (b) the total Central Government support, approvals and policy incentives extended to Odisha for steel sector development during the last three years;
- (c) if so, the details and present status of such pending proposals; and
- (d) the steps being taken by the Union Government to promote value-added steel production, increase employment opportunities and strengthen steel-related industrial corridors in Odisha?

**ANSWER**

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE            (SHRI BHUPATHIRAJU SRINIVASA VARMA)  
MINISTRY OF STEEL

(a)to(d): The production capacity of major steel producers [Integrated Steel Plants (ISPs)] is 33.78 million tonnes and other steel producers have a production capacity of 6.15 million tonnes in Odisha during the current Financial Year 2025-26. Steel is a deregulated sector and the Government acts as a facilitator by creating a conducive policy environment for the development of the steel sector in India, including Odisha. Decisions such as production, investment, modernization, employment, import etc. are dependent on the market conditions and techno-commercial analysis of individual companies.

Government has taken several measures to promote value-added steel production, increase employment opportunities and development of Steel sector in India, including in Odisha which include the following:-

1. Implementation of Domestically Manufactured Iron & Steel Products (DMI&SP) Policy for promoting 'Made in India' steel for Government procurement.
2. Launch of the Production Linked Incentive (PLI) Scheme for Specialty Steel to promote the manufacturing of value-added steel within the country and reduce imports by attracting capital investments.
3. Revamping Steel Import Monitoring System (SIMS) to provide granular details on imports to the domestic steel industry.
4. Introduction of Steel Quality Control Orders thereby banning sub-standard/defective steel products in the domestic market as well as imports to ensure the availability of quality steel to the industry, users, and public at large.

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